(Continued from First Page.)

giving Mr. New assurance of Harrison's strength than for the purpose of holding the Harrison on the platform, and there was a great demonmen in line just before the test vote was made. As soon as the meeting was over the Harrison men spread the story of it through the corrimen spread the story of it inrough the corridors of the hotel and about the state headquarters. It created an enthusiasm which un-doubtedly had its effect on the first bailot in the convention last night. The second ballot showed the moral effect of the first for the ent strength of Mr. Harrison and gave renewed confidence to his managers. They found when they started in that it needed little encouragement to hold their men in line.

THE UTAR CASE.

Report of the committee on credentials on the Utah case, it was predicted, would open a Mr. Mattison of Mississippi took the platfight over the recommendations of the com- form to second Blaine's nomination. mittee and a division upon entirely different lines than those which separated the delegates last in the Alabama contest. Delegate Cannon's speech last night, his bold avoval that he was a Mormon and his appeal to the republican Mormon and his appeal to the republican party to recognize him as such, and thereby to express their belief that the days of polygamy and church domination in Utah had passed away and consequently that the territory was fitted to be admitted into the galaxy of states, aroused in the strongest manner the apprehenaroused in the strongest manner the apprehen-sion of those who have given study to the Mormon question.

THE CONVENTION.

Outline of the Proceedings of Today's Ses-

CONVENTION HALL, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., June 10. - Several New England states went in session early this morning with a view of ef- Dr. Wayland Hoyt of the First Baptist Church feeting a combination on Reed. It was said of Minneapolis. that Massachusetts was ready to cast its vote solid for him.

Delegates began slowly to assemble at 11-20, the breastworks" when the lights went out at but it was seen that it would be some time before the convention would be called to order.

The convention was called to order at 11:85. After prayer David Martin was announced as David Martin was announced as national national committeeman from Pennsylvania, committeeman from Pennsylvania, R. G. vice Ousv.

The Blaine men decided not to delay matters, but to push for a vote. A ballot at this session was expected. The result, it was said, would he between Harrison and McKinley. The Ohio ing announcement to the convention that delegation were ready to vote for the latter. It was reliably stated that Idaho and some that no further opposition would be made

other far western states would turn to Harrison to the adoption of the majority reif they should drop Blaine. After the announcement of the question Mr. Martin, as national committeeman, called up was followed by those who had intended to antag-

credentials committee. Mr. Quay announced that they would oppose

It was reliably stated that Blaine's name would not be formally presented. His sup- he desired a vote on his minority report. He porters, it is said, would vote for him in order said that he did. The minority report was to hold his forces together, in case it was necessary to turn to some compromise candidate.

It was decided not to present Alger's name. McKinley would get 20 or 22 from Michigan. Ohio would also go for McKinley. FAIRLY CERTAIN FOR HARRISON.

It was fairly certain that Harrison or Mc-Kinley would be nominated today, with indieations in favor of Harrison. Mrs. Helen Foster of the W. C. T. U. ad-

dressed the convention, which paid great attention to her and applauded her liberally. The call of roll for nominating speeches was

postponed for fifteen minutes to enable the Michigan people to consult.

A probable explanation of the fact that Foraker was not to present Blaine is the statement by an Ohio delegate that the delegation would vote for McKinley solidly on the first The chair, announcing it was very necessary to have the list of members of the national committee filled up, directed the clerk to call over the roll of states. Those which had not vet made selections were Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina and Utah. In the

It was stated that Col. Duffield's purpose in taking Michigan delegation out was to swing it

Blaine Placed in Nomination. Roll of states for presentation of candidates

Senator Wolcott of Colorado took the plat-form. He mentioned Blaine amid great en-orator, as she warmed up with her subject, laid thusiasm and predicted victory in November aside her notes and addressed the convention with a fluency and force which elicited frequent thusiasm and predicted victory in November for the great unrewarded leader of the republican party—James G. Blaine. [There was renewed cheering.]

Senator Wolcott said: "Blaine has never been President of our country, but he will be."

Enthusiastic applause and waving of hand-chiefs followed.

with a fluency and force which elicited frequent applause.

One of the Alabama delegation, asked for a poll on the question of the election of a national committee man, but the chairman choked him off by saying amid laughter that the convention accorded the Alabama delegation. "further time to correct their arithmetic."

A resolution was offered, with the request that it he read. There was objection.

He said he was proud to cast his vote for a man who always sought everything for his country and nothing for himself.

Wolcott finished amid renewed cheers. Many delegates were on their feet crying

When Mr. Eustis mentioned Mr. Blaine's name it aroused a storm of applause.

CHEERING FOR BLAINE. The cheering and demonstration for Blaine continued for several moments, ladies swinging

their parasols, fans and handkerchiefs.

When Indiana was called Col. R. W. Thomp

Mr. Thompson said that he proposed to present a man who did not seek success by detraction of any other great republican. "I nomi-

nate for President Gen. Harrison." [Great cheering, cheering for Harrison and prolonged cheers for Blaine.]

Most of the Massachusetts, Connecticut and Michigan delegates remained seated.

Michigan was called but the convention of the name of Blaine, so unexpected, so decisive, took the convention by surprise. There was a dead stience for a moment. Then the Blaine men broke loose, and for three minutes the hall rang with their cheers, renowed again and again. They stood up, waving hats and handkerchiefs

Michigan was called, but no candidate was When partial slience had at length been re presented. Mr. Eustis of Minnesota took the platform to second Blaine's nomination.

Enthusiasm for Blaine.

The cheering for Blaine increased all over the second Blaine's nomination.

To present our uncrowned leader the pledge of our unswerving devotion and the assurances of

victory in November. [The rest of this senter was drowned in a burst of uncontrolable flag. The enthusiasm increased. The crowd plause.]
The record of his service for his country as gathered behind Reed and cheered at the top sured his acceptance of any burden his country would impose on him. The fears about his health were groundless. His friends would wish him young impetuous again, but experience came only with age. He still stood to those who loved him the embodiment of all that was brightest and best of American states Many of the delegates jumped on their chairs, waving their hats and shouting. The cheering

The audience caught up the refrain: "Blaine,

and disciple of protection, and there was great

five minutes before and seemed as vigorous as at first. The ladies were taking a most con-Gradually the noise quieted down.

Chairman McKinley rapped loudly for order, but the cheering continued to break out afresh. plause which was renewed ten-fold when Mr. Depew took the platform to second Mr. Harrison's nomination. There was great cheering all over the hall. .

audience paid great attention to the sch, cheering the sentiments uttered. The

cheering.

stration all over the ball.

citement were great.

DEMONSTRATION FOR HARRISON.

floor amid great excitement and cheering.

The cheering for Blaine was renewed.

thusiasm in a quiet, subdued way.

WARNER MILLER.

Mr. Hiscock was too fatigued to rise during

the prayer. He was the only delegate who re

Evans from Kentucky and David E. Layton

CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE REPORT ADOPTED.

tials being resumed the chair made the gratify-

Senator Quay had authorized him to say

port in the Alabama case. The question was

then put and the majority report was unani-

mously adopted amid cheers. This example

Mr. Cullom, after consultation with other

friends of the administration, agreed not to de

lay nominations by raising a discussion on this

The chairman asked Mr. Cannon of Utah if

beaten by a decided majority and the majority

report was adopted. An Oregon delegate

moved that the delegations from Indian territory

A motion to refer this matter to the commit

MICHIGAN PEOPLE BETTRE.

The chairman heard no objection to this re-

quest, the Michigan delegation retired and the

convention proceeded to the transaction of some routine business.

The chair, announcing it was very necessary

MRS. FOSTER ADDRESSES THE CONVENTION.

communication be presented to the convention and this was done. Mrs. Ellen Foster

was escorted to the platform and read an address in shrill but audible

NOMINATIONS IN ORDER.

that the next order of business was the presentation of names for the nomination for President. A mighty cheer went up from the convention. The chair announced that it had been the custom in past years to call the roll for the presentation of condidates. He asked whether the

sentation of candidates. He asked whether the convention wished this. There were mingled cries of "yes!" and "no!" and the chairman, de-ciding that the convention desired to follow pre-cedent, ordered the roll called.

When Colorado was reached Senator Wolcot

There were loud cries of platform and the

silver Senator ascended the stage and said:
"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention: The republicans of the west sometimes differ with the republicans of the east as to what is wanted, but on this occasion there is remarkable unanimity between genuine republicans of the west and convine remulticans of

manship. They thanked God that he was still able to give the people an administration that would embrace the well being of all the Americas. In the hour of victory they turned to him who had lifted the party above the fear of defeat. He was the ideal and the inspira-

tion of the young republicans. There was no true republican who would not follow where he led, and with trust that Providence

licans of the west and genuine republic

SENATOR WOLCOTT TAKES THE PLOOR.

rose and said:

"Mr. Chairman-"

Then the chairman impressively announced

Mr. Miller asked that the officers of the

Woman's Republican Association named in the

and Alaska be admitted with two votes each.

committee was all ready to report.

dian territory and Alaska were admitted.

Consideration of the committee on creden

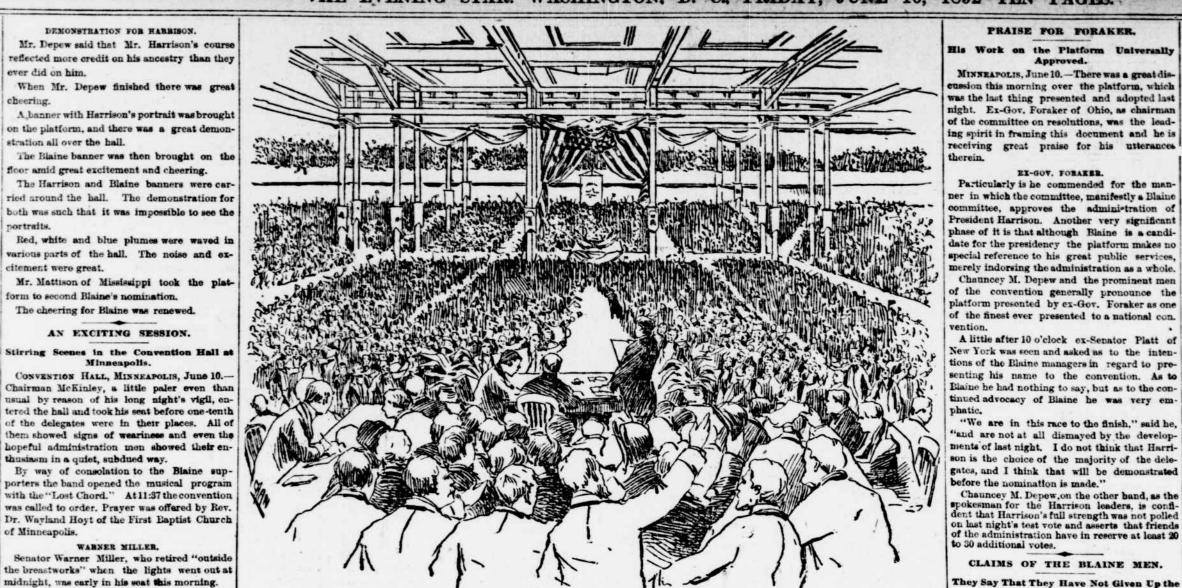
mained seated.

from Delaware.

the remainder of the majority report of the onize the Utah report on the Mormon issue.

morial.

AN EXCITING SESSION.



THE SCENE IN THE CONVENTION HALL. [DRAWN BY A STAR ARTIST FROM A TELEGRAPHIC SECTOR.]

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW. MR. DEPEW'S SPEECH.

The Address in Which Mr. Harriso Name Was Presented. Mr. Chauncey M. Depew seconded President Harrison's nomination and said: "Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Conven-

tee was made, but Chairman Cogswell of the committee got the platform and said that his meet conditions and solve problems which Then, on motion, two delegates each from Inmake this gathering not only no exception to the rule, but substantially a new departure. "That there should be strong convictions and Mr. Duffield of Michigan asked that the Michi gan delegation be allowed to retire for consulta

their earnest expression as to preferences and policies is characteristic of the right of individual judgment, which is the fundamental principal of republicanism. There have been delegates could freely indulge in the charming privilege of favoritism and of friendship. But the situation which now confronts us demands the exercise of dispassionate judgment and our best thought and experience. We cannot venture on uncertain ground or encounter obstacles placed in the pathway of success by ourselves. The democratic party is now divided, but the hope of the possession of power once more will make it in the final hattle.

Agriculture, for the settlement, so far as it is settled, of the currency question to Senator John Sherman, for the formulation of tariff laws to Gov. McKinley, for the removal of the restrictions placed by foreign nations upon the introduction of American all sides on the opening today, and that was the tempted to seriously inquire who during the last four years has been President of the United States, anyhow. occasions when the result was so sure that the delegates could freely indulge in the charming privilege of favoritism and of friendship. But the situation which now confronts us lower once more will make it in the final battle

secure without an effort, by pro-cesses which are a travesty upon popu-lar government, and if continued long enough will paralyze institutions founded upon popular suffrage. It has to win four more states in a fair suffrage. It has to win four more states in a fair fight, states which in the vocabulary of politics are denominated doubtful. The republican party must appeal to the conscience and the judgment of the individual voter in every state in the Union. This is in accordance with the principles upon which it was founded and the objects for which it contends. It has accepted this issue before and fought it out with an exraordinary continuance of success. LINCOLN AND GRANT.

"The conditions of republican victory from 1860 to 1880 were created by Abraham Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant. They were that the saved republic should be run by its saviors; they were emancipation of the slaves, the reconstruction of the states, the reception of those who had fought to destroy the public back into the fold, without penalties or punish. back into the fold, without penalties or punish-ments, and to an equal share with those who had fought and saved the nation, in the solemn obligations and inestimable privileges of Ameri-can citizenship. They were the embodiment into the Constitution of the principles for which two millions of men had fought and half public credit, the resumption of specie pay-ments and the prosperous condition of solvent

"For twenty-five years there were names with which to conjure, and events fresh in the public mind which were eloquent with popular enthusiasm. It needed little else than a recital of the glorious story of its heroes and a state-ment of the achievements of the republican party to retain the confidence of the people. But from the desire for change which is characteristic of free governments there came a re-versal, there came a check to the progress of the republican party and four years of demo-

FOUR YEARS OF DEMOCRACY.

"These four years largely relegated to the realms of history past issues, and brought us face to face with what democracy, its pro-fessions and its practices mean today. The great names which adorned the roll of repub-lican statesmen and soldiers are still potent and popular. The great measures of the re-publican party are still the best of the history

publican party are still the best of the history of the century.

"The unequaled and unexampled story of republicanism in its promises and its achievements stands unique in the record of parties in governments which are free. But we live in practical times, facing practical issues which affect the business, the wages, the labor and the prosperity of today. The campaign will be won or lost not upon the bad record of James K. Polk, or of Franklin Pierce, or of James Buchanan—not upon the good record of Lincoln, or of Grant, or of Arthur, or of Hayes, or of Garfield. It will be won or lost upon the policy, Garfield. It will be won or lost upon the policy, foreign or domestic, the industrial measures and the administrative acts of the administration of Benjamen Harrison.

"Whoever receives the nomination of this con-

"Whoever receives the nomination of this con-vention will run upon the judgment of a people as to whether they have been more prosperous and happy, whether the country has been in a better condition at home and stood more honorably abroad under these last four years of Harrison and republican administration, than during the preceding four years of Cleveland and demo-THE HARRISON ADMINISTRATION.

"Not since Thomas Jefferson has any administration been called upon to face and solve so ministration since the organization of the gov-ernment has met difficulties better or more to

renerable R. W. Thompson was and took the platform. Standing with a fan clutched with both hands Mr. Thompson said:

"Gentlemen of the convention, I do not intend to make a speech. I propose to make a nomination for the presidency which shall strike a chord of sympathy in every true republican heart. I propose to nominate for the lican heart. I propose to nominate for the lican heart. I propose to nominate for the governments which, by making bimetalism the policy of all nations, may successfully solve all problems.

"The tariff, tinkered with and trifled with to the serious disturbance of trade and disaster to business since the days of Washington, has been courageously embodied into a code—a code which has preserved the principle of the protection of American industries. To it has been added a beneficent policy, supplemented by beneficent treaties and wise diplomacy, which has opened to our farmers and manufacturers the markets of other countries. The navy has been built wood little and the state of the countries. upon lines which will protect American citizens and American interests and the American flag all over the world. The public debt has been reduced. The maturing bonds have been paid off. The public credit has been maintained. The burdens of taxation have been lightened. Two hundred millions of currency have been added to the people's money without disturbance of the exchanges.

THE FAVORITE SONS. "Unexampled prosperity has crowned wise laws and their wise administration. The main question which divide us is: To whom does the credit of all this belong? Orators may stand upon this platform more able and more eloquent than I, who will paint in more brilliant colors, but they cannot put in more earnest thought the affection and admiration of republicans for our distinguished Secretary of State. I "It is the peculiarity of republican national conventions that each one of them has a distinct and interesting history. We are here to son, for the favorites of Illi-nois, Wisconsin and Michigan. But when I

am told that the credit for the brilliant diplomacy of this administration belongs exclusively to the Secretary of State, for the administration of its finances to the Secretary of the of American pork in Europe to the Secretary of Agriculture, for the settlement, so far as it is

which were the history of the conquests of Eu-rope under his leadership, modestly took the osition of Enas when he said: 'They are the narrative of events the whole of which I saw and the part of which I was.'
"Gen. Thomas, as the 'Rock of Chicka-

mauga, occupies a place in our history with Leonidas among the Greeks, except that he succeeded where Leonidas failed. The fight of Joe Hocker above the clouds was the poetry of battle. The resistless rush of Sheridan and his steed down the valley of Shenandoah is the epic f our civil war. The march of Sherman from Atlanta to the sea is the supreme triumph of gallantry and strategy. It detracts nothing from the splendor of the fame or the merits of the deeds of his lieutenants to say that having selected them with marvelous sagacity and dis-cretion, Grant still remained the supreme comnander of the national army.

TO WHOM CREDIT IS DUE. "All the proposed acts of any administration

before they are formulated are passed upon in cabinet council, and the measures and suggestions of the ablest secretaries would have failed with a lesser President. But for the great good of the country and the benefit of he republican party they have succeeded, because of the suggestive mind, the indomitable courage, the intelligent appreciation of situa-tions and the grand magnanimity of Benjamin

"It is an undisputed fact that during the few months when both the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury were ill the President personally assumed the duties of the State and the Treasury Department, and both with equal success. The Secretary of State, in accepting his portfolio under President Garfield, wrote: 'Your administration must be made brilliantly successful and strong in the confidence and pride of the people, not at all diverting its energies for re-election and yet compelling that result by the logic of events and by the imperious necessities of the situation.
"Garfield fell before the bullet of the assassin

and Mr. Blaine retired to private life. Gen. Harrison invited him to take up that unfinished diplomatic career where its thread had been so agically broken. He entered the cabinet. tragically broken. He entered the cabinet the resumed his work and has won a higher place in our history. The prophecy he made for Garfield has been superbly fulfilled by President Harrison. In the language of Mr. Blaine: 'The President has compelled a re-election by the logic of events and the im-presions accessible of the situation.'

REQUISITES OF THE NOMINEE. "The man who is nominated here today, to win, nust carry a certain well-known number of the loubtful states. Patrick Henry in the convenion which started rolling the ball of the indesendence of the colonies from Great Britain gaid: I have but one lamp by which my feet are guided, and that is the lamp of experience. I know of no way of judging of the future but

"New Tork was carried in 1880 by Gen. Gar-"New York was carried in 1880 by Gen. Gar-field, and in every important election since that time we have done our best. We have put for-ward our ablest, our most popular, our most brilliant leaders for governor and state officers, to suffer constant defeat. The only light which illumines the sun of hope, the dark record of those twelve years is the fact that in 1888 the state of New York was triumphantly carried by York was triumphantly carried b President Harrison. He carried it then as President Harrison. He carried it then as a gallant soldier, a wise Senator, a statesman who inspired confidence by his public utierances in daily speeches from the commencement of the canvass to its close. He still has all these claims and inaddition an administration beyond criticism and rich with the elements of popularity with which to carry New York again.

"Ancestry helps in the old world and handicaps in the new. There is but one distinguished example of a son overcoming the limitations imposed by the eminent fame of his father and then rising above it, and that was when the younger litt became greater than Chatham. With an ancestor a signer of the Declaration of Independence and another who saved the northwest from savagery and gave it to civilization and empire, and who was also President of the United States, a poor and

CONFERENCE OF LEADERS. Both Sides Study the Meaning of Last Night's

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., June 10 .- The covention had scarcely adjourned when a call was

issued for a conference of the leaders of both factions in their separate rooms in the West Hotel, and the test vote was taken up and carefully analyzed in detail. The result was with the exertions of last night, did not put in their usual early appearance and the voice of the bugle and the sound of the drum were not to give even additional encouragement to the Harrison managers, who came to the conclusion that in certain states where the mafore the convention was to meet, not a band had appeared on the streets and there was but a small crowd turning toward convention hall. jority had not received the vote expected the President would gain several additional delegates by the fact that the Blaine men who were It was evident that the convention would be late assembling.

The prospect this morning was that the supporters of Mr. Blaine would fight to the last ditch. It was given out early that the contest over the report of the committee on credentials nstructed for Harrison would feel bound to follow out their instructions when the ballot for the presidency came. All through the night conferences were held

in different parts of the hotel and emisaries were dispatched to make a last effort to win wavering delegates to one or the other of the rival factions.

The morning opened with the Harrison peo Solution of the situation.
One of Mr. Platt's closest friends this mornple still confident, but the Blaine managers none the less determined.

CHAIRMAN CLARKSON. Chairman Clarkson said that he had received

large number of telegrams this morning from prominent men throughout the country, who had heretofore been urging him to harmonize the opposition in support of the President, requesting him now to make every effort to bring about a reconciliation of the warring factions by a union on some man who would be satisfactory o both e-e-party does not secure a single electoral vote.

ments. McKinley, Rusk, Reed and Allison and

all been suggested in these telegrams.

BITTER PELLING.

One effect of last night's fight was visible on all sides on the opening today, and that was that the bitterness of feeling engendered in the contests in manifestations of the past week had contests in manifestations of the past week had cally controlled the situation. tive republicans. The Harrison people, of course, were inclined to be considerate the rank and file of the Blaine forces, who, mourning and refusing to be comforted, concluded by uttering defiance to the administration candidate. Just how lasting this feeling will be of course no one can say. Among the wrathiest people in Minneapolis today were one Aarrison members of the Kansas delegation.

A KANSAS STAMPEDE. Report was current that Kansas was leading in a movement away from Harrison to a third man. The exasperating part of the report was that it contained considerable truth. The facts, though circulating in an exaggerated form, were alarming enough Ten of the Kansas representa-tives, an exact half of the sunflower state delegation, were doing their utmost to cause a dark horse stampede, with McKinley as the proposed best candidate to unite upon. Delegate Eugene Ware of Fort Scott, who was a leader of the Harrison element, was particularly sore over the situation. He declared that the talk of a dark horse, while having been brought up in a meeting of the Kansas men, had resulted in no action, half of the delegates refusing to remain present if the discussion was allowed to proceed.

There would be no further caucus of the

Perkins were the engineers of the Kansas dark-horse departure, and that both had made speeches urging an entire new deal and the abandonment of Harrison and Blaine in favor of some other candidate less liable to factional resentment. Notwithstanding Mr. Ware's intimation that the Harrison half of the delegation had stemmed the tide and that the Ingalls-Perkins movement was a failure, re-ports were current that Ingalls had succeeded in binding the Kansas delegation to vote as

With such an arrangement and a gain of only one convert the delegation would be swung away from Harrison. MASSACHUSETTS IN CONFERENCE.

The Massachusetts state delegation is holding The enthusiasm of last evening in the cona conference this morning, and the greates vention hall, taken all in all, was distinctly anxiety is evinced as to its probable results for James G. Blaine. While the Harri-There is no doubt that a portion of the delega-tion will favor tasting the vote of the state for some compromise candidate, but it seems quite improbable that any harmonious action can be agreed upon. Various other state delegates or a majority of the delegates thereof are also holding impromptu conferences and the air is full of rumors of all kinds. popular effect was received with but very little enthusiasm, and while the Blaine leaders after



McKinley appears to be the man most looked as a compromise candidate. The Blain

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

of Columbia were as unanimous their support of the ex-Secretary Michigan, the home of Alger, probably Chauncey M. Depew and the prominent men divided exactly as it would divide on the presidential ballot with Alger out of the race-twenty for Blaine and eight for Harrison. Ohio showed the effect of the impetuous and effective morning. The realizations on the advances leadership of ex-Gov. Foraker by giving twenty-New York was seen and asked as to the intenreport. In Tennessee, though generally instructed for the President, the Blaine cause Blaine he had nothing to say, but as to the con-Texas rolled up twenty for

PRAISE FOR FORAKER.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 10. - There was a great dis-

assion this morning over the platform, which

EX-GOV. FORAKER.

Particularly is he commended for the man-

mmittee, approves the administration of

A little after 10 o'clock ex-Senator Platt of

"We are in this race to the finish," said he,

CLAIMS OF THE BLAINE MEN.

was not accompanied by snow or hail, but it

The shouters and the marching clubs, worn

nearly all of the majority on the vote came from the southern states, where the republican

this morning, they say, represented a strength that will remain by him and none of which is

pledged to any other candidate, while the vote of the opposition was made up not only of supporters of Harrison, but also of all the out-side element. On the other hand, the friends

of the President count upon being from twenty to forty-four votes stronger than last night.

VICE PRESIDENCY.

Although the close of the convention is se

near there had up to this morning not been a

breath of discussion regarding the vice presi-

dential nomination. A good many of the dele

gates on being questioned concerning their preference were favorably disposed toward Sen-ator Allison of Iowa, while some of those from Indiana, Ohio and Illinois regarded Whitelaw

Reid of New York as having qualifications that would make him a strong running mate with the President. There is a considerable undercurrent of talk concerning the policy of placing a popular northwestern man on the ticket to offset the granger

movements in that region, and in this connec-tion the name of J. S. Pillsbury of this city

has been mooted. The probabilities are, how-ever, that, as was the case both in 1884 and '88,

the New York delegation will be left free to se-lect its own candidate and its choice will be

ANALYZING THE FIGURES.

What is Said of the Votes Cast Last Night

MINNEAPOLIS. June 10. - In the vast andience

of 12.000 people in the convention hall last night

was not a single person who did not under-

shorn of all its technicalities, was really a vote

stand that the vote upon the Alabama question

upon the administration forces during the con-

BLAINE ENTHUSIASM.

councils of the republican party.

ANALYSIS OF VOTES.

In the state of Pennsylvania it was demon-strated that despite all the occurrences of the

past few months Senator Matt Quay is still

was fully apparent. While forty-five voters swung into line under Platt, Fassett and Miller

seven followed the courtly Depew and the per-

ratified by the convention

ferences of the night.

o 30 additional votes.

REED TAKES OFF HIS COAT.

Chauncey M. Depew,on the other hand, as the spokesman for the Harrison leaders, is confi-He Goes to Work for Blaine and Seems Full of Confidence. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

of the administration have in reserve at least 20 MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., June 10.-The conferences of the Blaine men, which ended at 5 o'clock this morning, were resumed after two or three hours for rest and breakfast and lasted They Say That They Have Not Given Up the until the hour of the meeting of the convention. Mr. Reed took part in the conference, MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.—The fourth day of and for the first time he has taken off his coat the convention opened with a miniature of a for the fight. He looks several sizes larger Dakota blizzard. It lacked some of the most than usual since his blood has got up after the unpleasant features. It was not cold and it close of the conference at 10:40.

was lively enough to tear from their places the beaten." decorations which adorned the buildings along Minneapolis' principal streets. The rain fell in torrents for a time, but the storm was of short duration and the sky soon cleared. The streets were comparatively deserted when the storm broke.

A moment later Se conference room in the storm was comparatively deserted when the storm statement, "Harrise stronger than the storm of the s A moment later Senator Platt came out of the conference room in haste and repeated the same statement, "Harrison is beaten. Blaine is Senator Hansbrough repeated the same state

He said to me, "We have got Harrison

"Who will you press against him?" he was

"Blaine. We are going to nominate Blaine." Mr. Miller chimed in that Harrison was beaten N.Y.& N.E. 304 304 West Union Dily and Mr. Burleigh, his best man, sounded an

would be continued this morning and the bal-loting delayed as long as possible. The Harri-son element said that this plan was solely for the purpose of giving the idea to the country that the contest was close and bitter and that the selection of a third candidate was the only solution of the situation.

ing prepared for circulation among the dele-gates the following analysis of last night's vote

that the House committees on appropriations and the District of Columbia were in favor of the delay in making the Rock Creek Park payments. So far as a majority of either committee

LAID ON THE TABLE INDEFINITELY.

Today, however, the committee passed a resolution, and passed it unanimously, too, laying the bill on the table indefinitely and providing that it could not be considered under any circumstances unless a petition signed by a majority of the committee should have previously been presented. This action permanently disposes of the repeal bill.

NOTHING IN THE CHARGES MADE.

Speaking of this action Mr. Hemphill said today that it meant that the committee wanted it

OVERHEAD WIRES.

OVERHEAD WIRES.

An important action of the committee toda was a favorable report on the bill providing that no electric light, telegraph or telephone company shall maintain overhead wires in the District of Columbia. The bill provides that the Commissioners may authorize the construc-tion of additional subways and conduits, proupon the preferences of the delegates for Benj. Harrison and Jas. G. Blaine. When the Harrison forces came off the victors their enthusiasm for a brief time reminded one of the familiar scenes of the great conventions of Grant and Corkling and Logan, but this was for a few minutes only and it gave place to reflection that the majority was so hazardously low that every effort must be exerted to prevent inroads such company shall fail to comply with this provision within the time afore-said, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and directed to remove all such overhead wires and poles supporting the same from the streets, avenue and alleys of the said cities. But this provision shall not apply to such poles and overhead wires erected or to be erected in alleys

for James G. Blaine. While the Harrison people appeared to have a majority of the delegates three-fourths of the audience in the galleries were apparently devoted admirers of the plumed knight and lost no opportunity of demonstrating their admiration. And so the Harrison victory in the content of the plumed knight and lost no opportunity of demonstrating their admiration. And so the Harrison victory in the trice light service as may have been received in alley, wires erected or to be erected in alley, wires are necessary to the proper operation of an underground system of telephone, telegraph or electric light service as may have been received in alley, wires are necessary to the proper operation of an underground system of telephone, telegraph or electric light service as may have been received in alley, within said cities as are necessary to the proper operation of an underground system of telephone, telegraph or electric lights. the test ballot appeared decidedly crestfallen, there was no diminution of Blaine enthusiasm in the galleries.

The votes in some of the great states of the Union, those which exert such an imment influence upon all political conventions, showed what the power of organization can do in the the test ballot appeared decidedly crestfallen,

COL. POLK'S CONDITION.

Col. Polk, president of the Farmers' Alliance who is ill with an attack of blood poison upreme in leadership in the keystone state.

In New York the result of divided leadership what delirious during the night, and symptom

IN WALL STREET TODAY.

First Prices Higher, but a Reaction Fol-

New York, June 10. - There was a moderate decrease of animation in the stock market this afterward brought prices in all but a few cases below the level of the opening. First prices were generally slightly higher than those of last evening and further small gains were made in the early trading, but the retion came soon and the gains were in almost all cases completely wiped out, while Burlingto majority and but five for the minority report, while Virginia, led by Mahone, gave 15 for Blaine and 9 for Harrison. West Virginia showed that the power of Elkins is still a factor in that state by giving 10 for the administration and 2 for the minority report.

REFER TAKES OFF HIS COAT. by a firmer temper the rally from the lowest prices was insignificant. At II o'clock the market was dull end fairly steady, generally at a shade under first prices.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

The following are the opening and closing prices of the New York Stock Market, as reported by special wire to Carson & Macartney, 1410 F street.

Name.	0,	C.	Name.	ю,	C.
Atch Bell Tel	34%	34	L.& W. pref N. J. Cen		7.076
Can, South	50	2500	N. & W. prof		*****
C., B, & Q Can. Pac	lana.	97%	Northwest N. American.	130%	100
Chicago Gas	200	7104	Nor. Pac Do., pref	3.544	20%
C. & O. 1st p/a. D. L. & W	15694	156	Ore , R. W. & N		
D. & H. Cattal D. & Rio Gr			Pac. Mail Reading	11000	3.56
Do., pref	4836	459	Rich. Ter	ANTES.	
Dis.&Cat. Fd., Erie.	20104	200	Rock Island Silver Ctr s	****	(4D)
Ft. Worth Cts. Hocking Val.			St. raul Do., pref	124%	12194
Ill. Cen Lake Shore			St.P.M., & M.	15%	11:37
Louis & Nash.	7-34	7:34	Dio., prof	96	1414
Mo. Pac	100	33%		374	37
Nich. Cen	11244	231236	Union Pac	10%	1089
Lead Trust			Do., pref	2394	22.00

Washington Stock Exchange.

ccho.

One gentleman who was at the conference told me that they would stand fast on Blaine.

"Mr. Harrison," he said, "will not make the nomination—that is as good as settled. Massachusetts will vote for Reed. Ohio will vote for McKinley on the first ballot.

Maj. McKinley said that he could not make out the situation clearly yet, but that there was probably a hot fight yet.

Mr. Boutelle said the fight had just begun.

One trouble the anti-Harrison men have encountered in trying to rally their forces has been on account of Gov. Poraker's dislike of McKinley, but it is understood they have decided to press McKinley.

J.P.M.

NOT IN FAVOR OF REPEAL.

Action of the House District Committee in the Rock Creek Park Case.

BILLS CONSIDERED AND ACTED UPON AT TODAY'S MEETING—NO OVERHEAD WIRES TO BE PERMITTED IN THE DISTRICT—ALL WIRES TO GO UNDERGROUND BY JULY 1, 1893.

Secretary of the Treasury Foster has stated that the House committees on appropriations and beautiful and the House committees on appropriations.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—Regular call—12 oclock m.2 Wash 1890.

Government Bonds—U. S. 4s, registered, 1906.

Jis did, 18 asked.

U. S. 4s, registered, 1906.

Jet bid, 118 asked.

District of Columbia Bonds—Market stocks, 7s, 1892, 61, 1013 bid. — asked. Waster stocks, 7s, 1892, 61, 1013 bid. — asked. Waster stocks, 7s, 1892, 61, 1013 bid. — asked. Wastington and Georgetown Railroad 16-10 6s, 102 bid., 103 asked. Wastington Market Company 1st 8s, 1915 bid., 2 asked. Wastington Market Company 1st 8s, 1916 bid., 2 asked. Wastington Market Company 1st 8s, 1916 bid., 2 asked. Wastington Market Company 1st 8s, 1916 bid., 2 asked. Wastington Market Company 1st 8s, 1916 bid., 2 asked. Wastington 6s, 195 bid., 2 asked. Metropolita Railroad 6s, 102 bid., 2 asked. Metropolita Railroad 6s, 102 bid., 2 asked. Metropolita Railroad 6s, 102 bid., 2 asked. Metropolita Railroad 6s, 1

 bid, 105 asked.
 National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washington, 349 asked. West End, 106% bid, 107% asked. Trade bid, 125 asked. Lincoln, 101% bid, — asked. ond, 166% bid, — asked.

park legislation. A harassing attempt has been going on for some time to get favorable action from the committee on the bill repealing the act establishing the park.

Railroad Stocks—Washington and Georgetow 310 bid, 320 asked. Metropolitan, 91 bid, 100 asked Columbia, 61 bid, 65 asked. Capitol and North Street, 37 bid, 48 asked. Eckington and Soldier Home, — bid, — asked. Georgetown and Tenie town, 48 bid, 55 asked. Rock Creek, 100 bid, asked. Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 48 bid, 55 asked. Insurance Stocks-Firemen's, 48 bid, 55 asked.

Speaking of this action Mr. Hemphili said today that it meant that the committee wanted it
known that in their opinion there was absolutely nothing in the charges made against the
establishment of the park.

MEASURES ACTED UPON.

The committee today acted favorably on the
Senate resolution providing for the subdivision
of square 673 and also on the bill as amended
by the Senate committee chartering the Washington and Great Falls electric road.

DEFINITE OF THE COMPANY IN SIGN.

Safe Deposit and Trust Company. Its bid, 129
asked. American Security and Trust Company. Its bid, 129
asked. American Security and Trust Company asked. Masked. American Security and Trust Company. Its bid, 129
asked. Washington Safe Deposit, 109 old, 110 asked.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—Flouractive—receipt 19,191 barrels; shipments, 5,655 bushels; sale-, 1,6 barrels. Wheat easy—No. 2 red, spot, 911/a9 June, 913/a92 June, 913/a92 June, 91 bis steamer No. 2 red, 88—recepts, 55,252 bushel shipments, 5,000 bushels; stock, 900,839 bushels sales, 65,000 bushels. Southern wheat duli—Fult 88492; Longberry, 90493. Corn easy—mixed spe 504854/2 June, 554854/2 June, 554854/2 June, 554854/2 June, 544854/2 June, 554854/2 June, 544854/2 June, 544854/2 June, 544854/2 June, 544854/2 June, 54485/2 June, Sa92; Longberry, 90025. Corn easy—mixed 55a554; June, 55a554; July, 54%a544; stee mixed, 52 bid—receipts, 27,163 bushels; shpin 84,286 bushels; stock, 582,186 bushels; sales, bushels. Southern corn—white active, 55 yellow dull, 55a556. Oats firm—No. 2, white ern, 41%a42; No. 2, mixed western, 18%a4 ceipts, 1,000 bushels; stock, 115,174 bushels, gulet and steady—No. 2, 82—stock, 32,835 bu Hay firm—good to choice timothy. 14,566 Gram freights quiet—steamer to Liverpool oushel, 34,64; Zork for orders, per quarte BALTIMORE, June 10.—Virginia threes, 75% asked; Baltimore and Ohio stock, 97a97%; Northern Central stock, 65%a69%; Baltimore and Ohio stock, 97a97%; Northern Central stock, 65%a69%; Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern firsts, 106% bid; do, first incomes, 62% bid; do, second incomes, 25% asked; do, third incomes, 85% asked; Consolidated gas bonds, 116 asked; do, stock, 54%a55.

Verdict for the W. and G. R.R. Co. In the Circuit Court, Justice Montgomery, today a verdict for defendant was found in Company. This was an action for damages by being run over at 7th and E streets October 24, 1889, having his thigh bone and leg broken in places. The defense was that the accident was one which could not have been avoided by

NEW SUMMER DRESS GOODS